

View from the Reconstruction Site and Our Role in this Time

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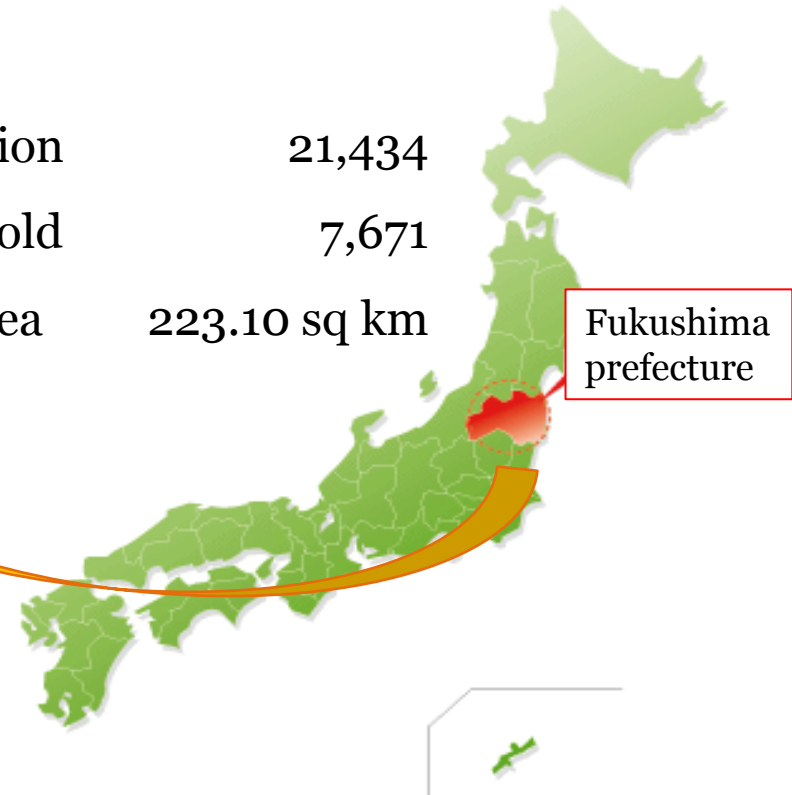
Financial and Administration Section,
Namie Town

April 14 , 2015

Pre-disaster Namie



Population 21,434
 Household 7,671
 Land area 223.10 sq km



Namie's specialty



Sake



Seafood



Otori Soma
porcelain



Namie Yakisoba (fried noodle) won Grand Prix at a nation-wide local gourmet event



Nature



Traditions



Festivity



Great East Japan Earthquake on March 11, 2011

- Earthquake damage
- Tsunami damage
- Radioactive contamination by the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant accident



Tsunami stricken area overlooking Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant



Disaster statistics

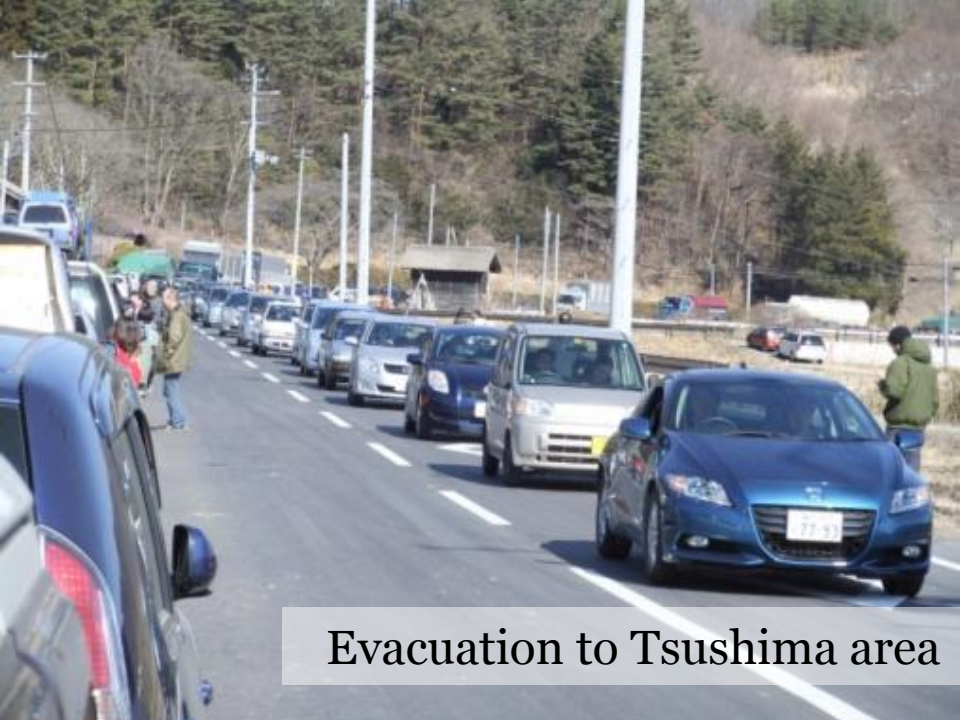
- Population inside the exclusion zone : 21,434 (entire town)
- Population who require support from Namie Town: 21,045
 - Inside Fukushima prefecture: 14,639 (69.6%)
 - Outside Fukushima prefecture: 6,406 (30.4%)(as of Dec 31, 2014)
- Number of affected businesses: Approx. 1,000
- Namie's Gross Production: 60 billion yen
- Number of houses destroyed (as confirmed by March 2013) : 651 (586 by tsunami, 65 by earthquake)
- Death toll from earthquake and tsunami: 182 (33 are still missing)
- Related deaths: 337 (caused by psychological and other stresses of refuge life)

Chronology of events

Date	Time	Event
3/11	14:46	Earthquake (M9.0)
	14:54	Earthquake (M6.1)
	15:33	First wave of tsunami
	16:28	Earthquake (M6.6)
	16:36	F1* emergency - Cooling system stopped functioning
	17:40	Earthquake (M6.0)
	19:03	Nuclear emergency declared by government
	21:23	Evacuation order issued to residents within 3km radius of F1* <i><u>The government order was not directly delivered to Namie. TV broadcast was the only source of information.</u></i>
3/12	5:44	Evacuation order expanded to 10km radius. <i><u>The government order was not directly delivered to Namie. TV broadcast was the only source of information.</u></i>
	6:07	Town decided to evacuate to outside 10km radius.
	13:00	Town decided to relocate its function to its Tsushima branch office
	15:36	No. 1 reactor explosion

Date	Time	Event
3/12	18:25	Evacuation order expanded to 20km radius. <i><u>The government order was not directly delivered to Namie. TV broadcast was the only source of information.</u></i>
3/14	11:01	No. 3 reactor explosion
3/15	4:30	Town decided to evacuate to adjacent Nihonmatsu-city
	10:00	Started to transfer residents to Nihonmatsu-city. Completed relocation of town office function.
	11:00	In-house evacuation order issued to residents within 20-30km radius
3/25		Voluntary evacuation recommended to residents within 20-30km radius.
4/22		20km radius of F1* designated as “restricted area”, 20-30km radius designated “deliberate evacuation area” and “Evacuation prepared areas in case of emergency”
5/23		Town office function moved to Gender Equality Center in Nihonmatsu-city.

*F1: Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant

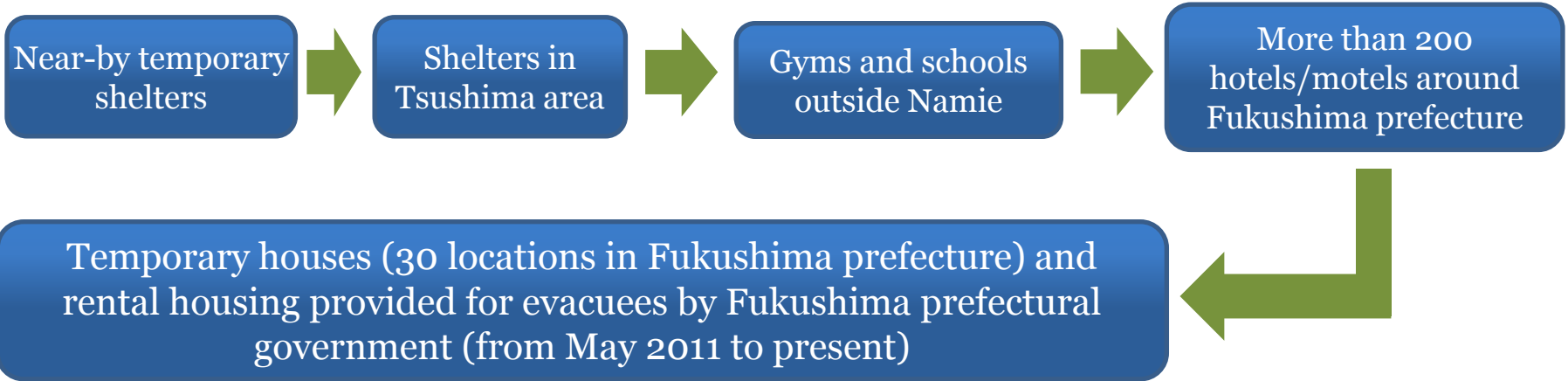


Evacuation to Tsushima area

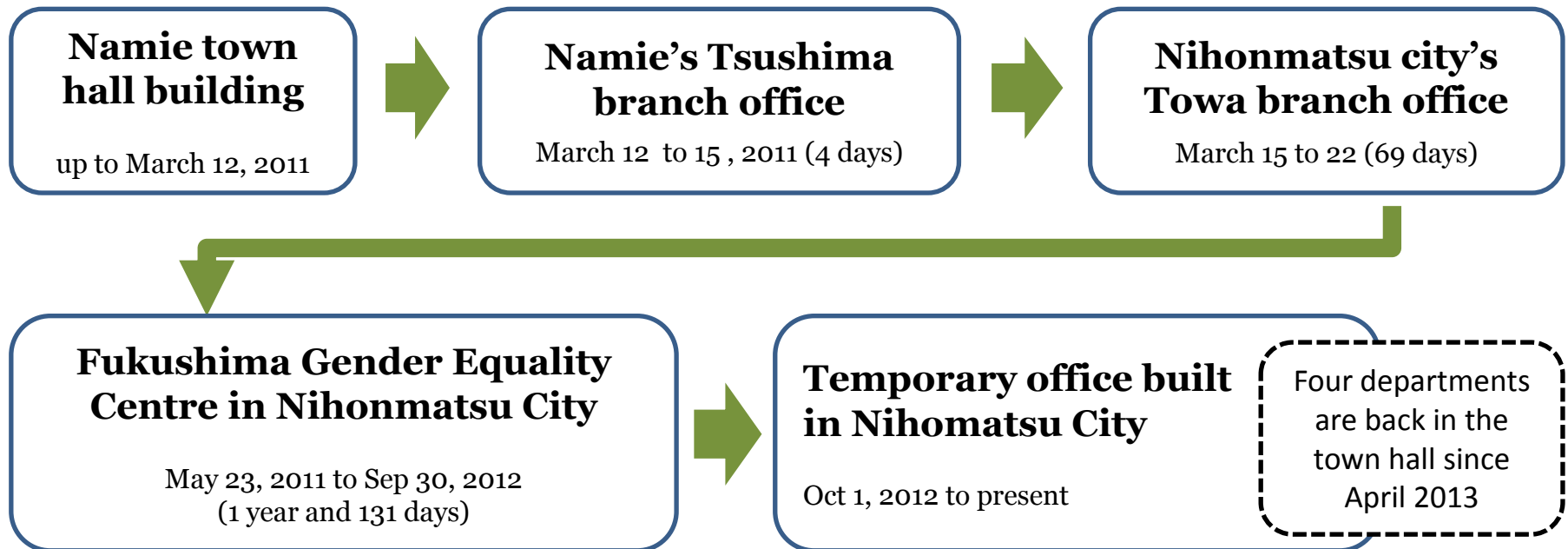


Temporary shelter

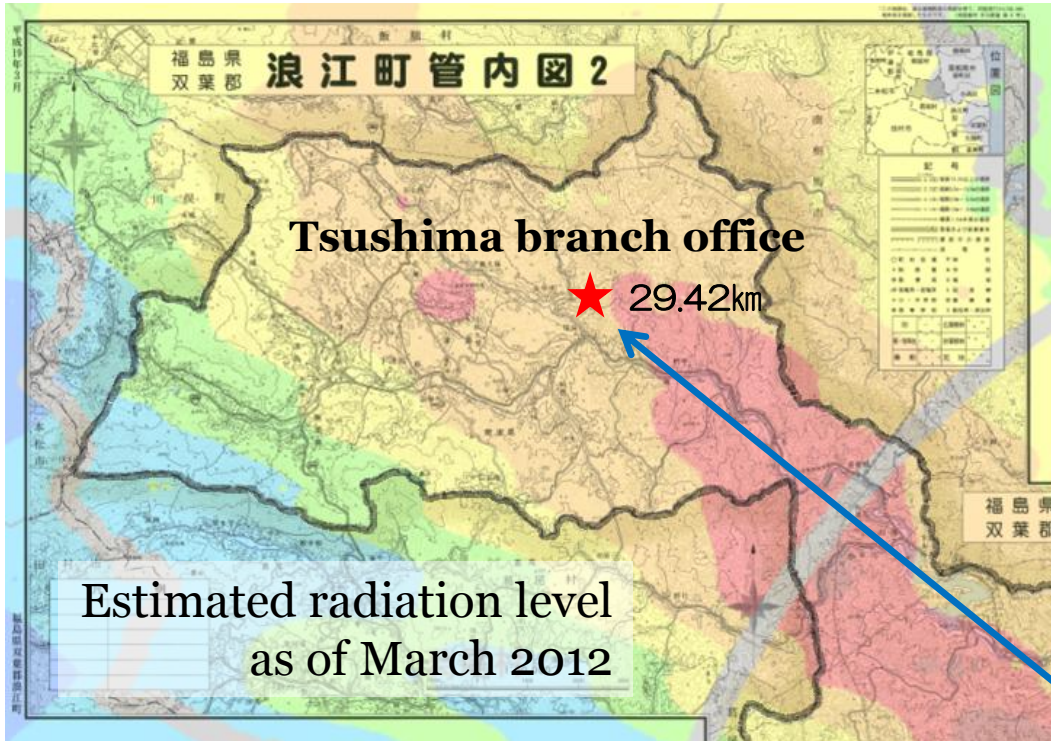
Namie people had to move several times.



Town office function moved four times.

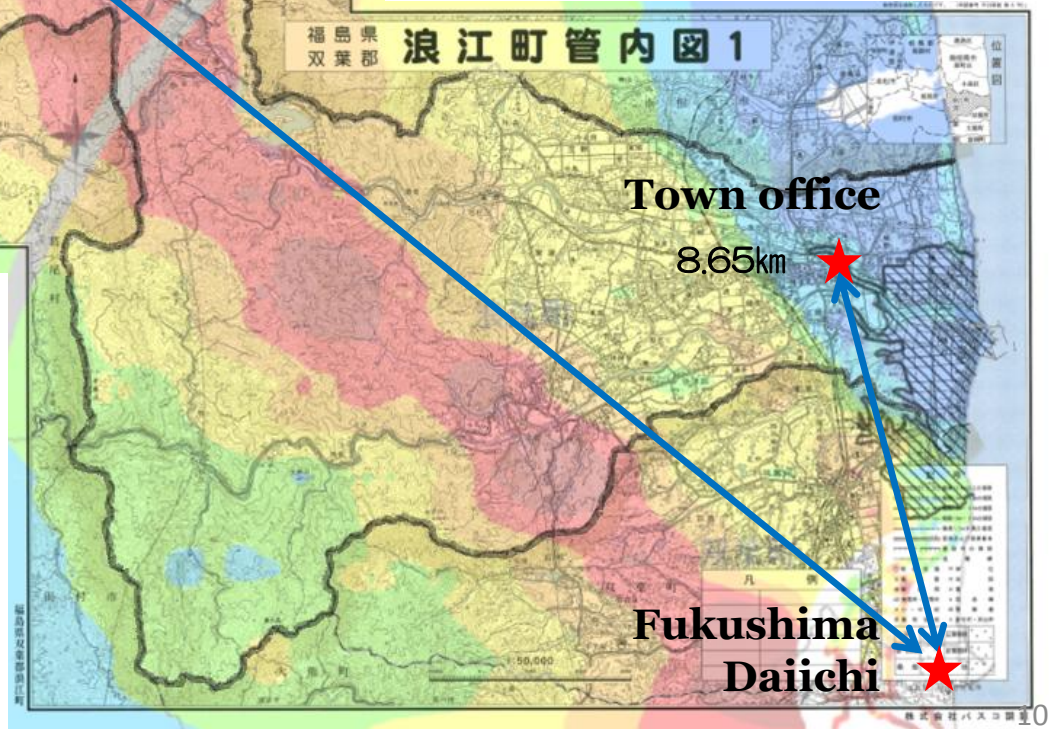


Psychological damage does not show in numbers



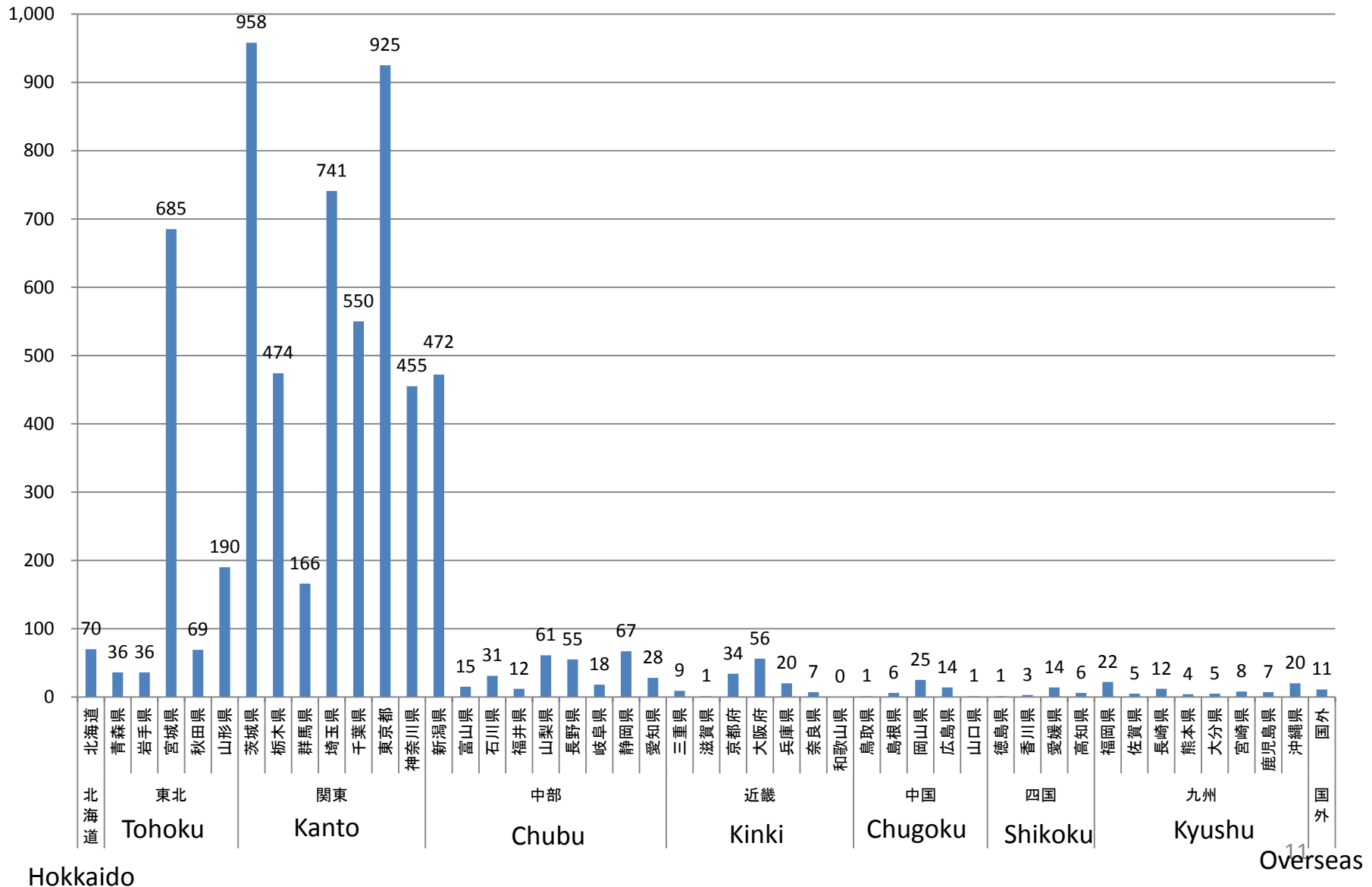
In the tsunami stricken area, a full scale rescue/search operation was planned on the next day. However, because of the evacuation order in the early morning, people had to abandon the area, knowing that many more lives could have been saved.

Initially a natural evacuation route was to the Tsushima area where people stayed for as long as four days. The area was in fact highly contaminated, but no such information was provided by the central or Fukushima municipal government at that time. This greatly increases health concerns among Namie people.

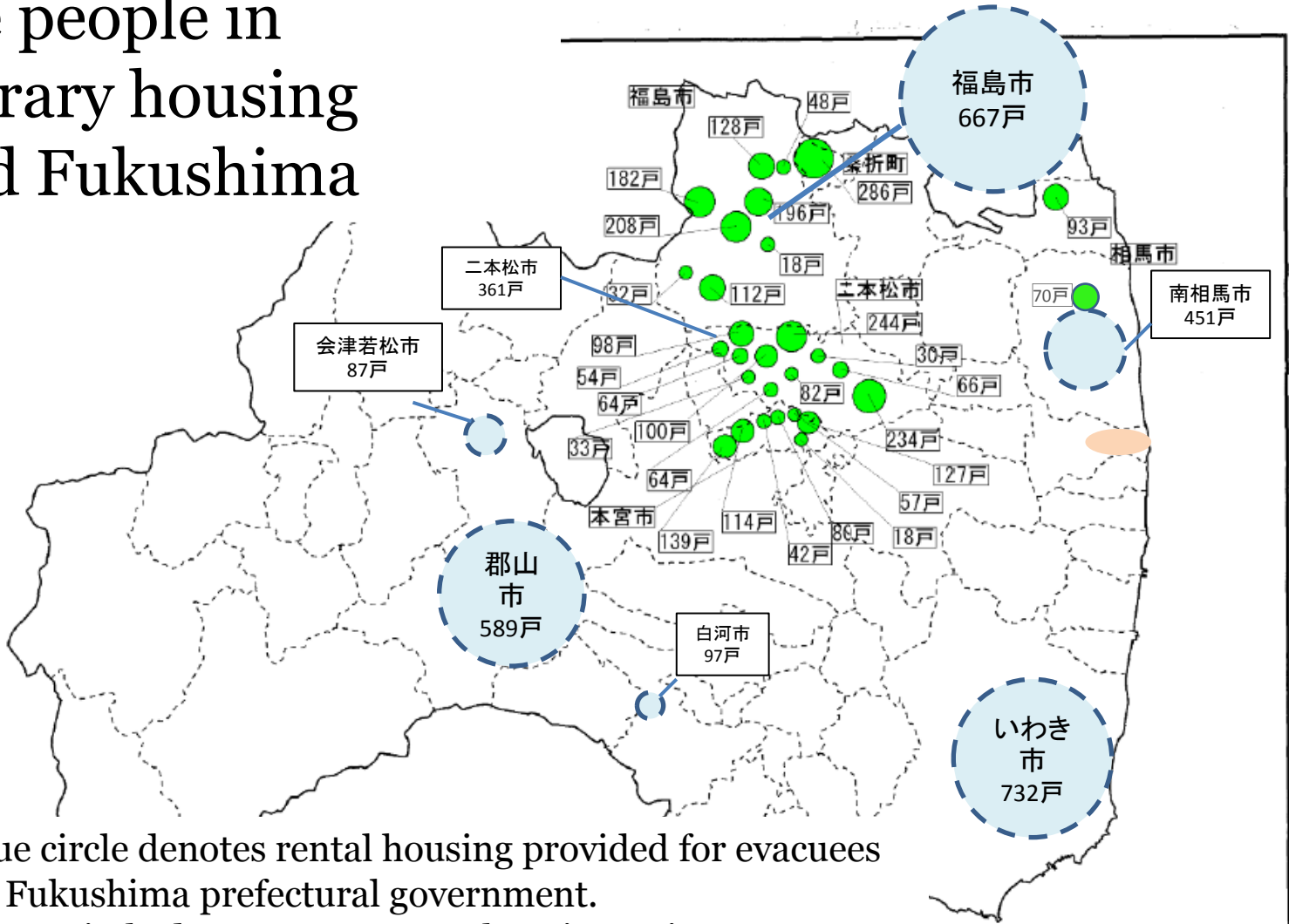


Namie people living outside Fukushima prefecture

(as of Dec 31, 2014)

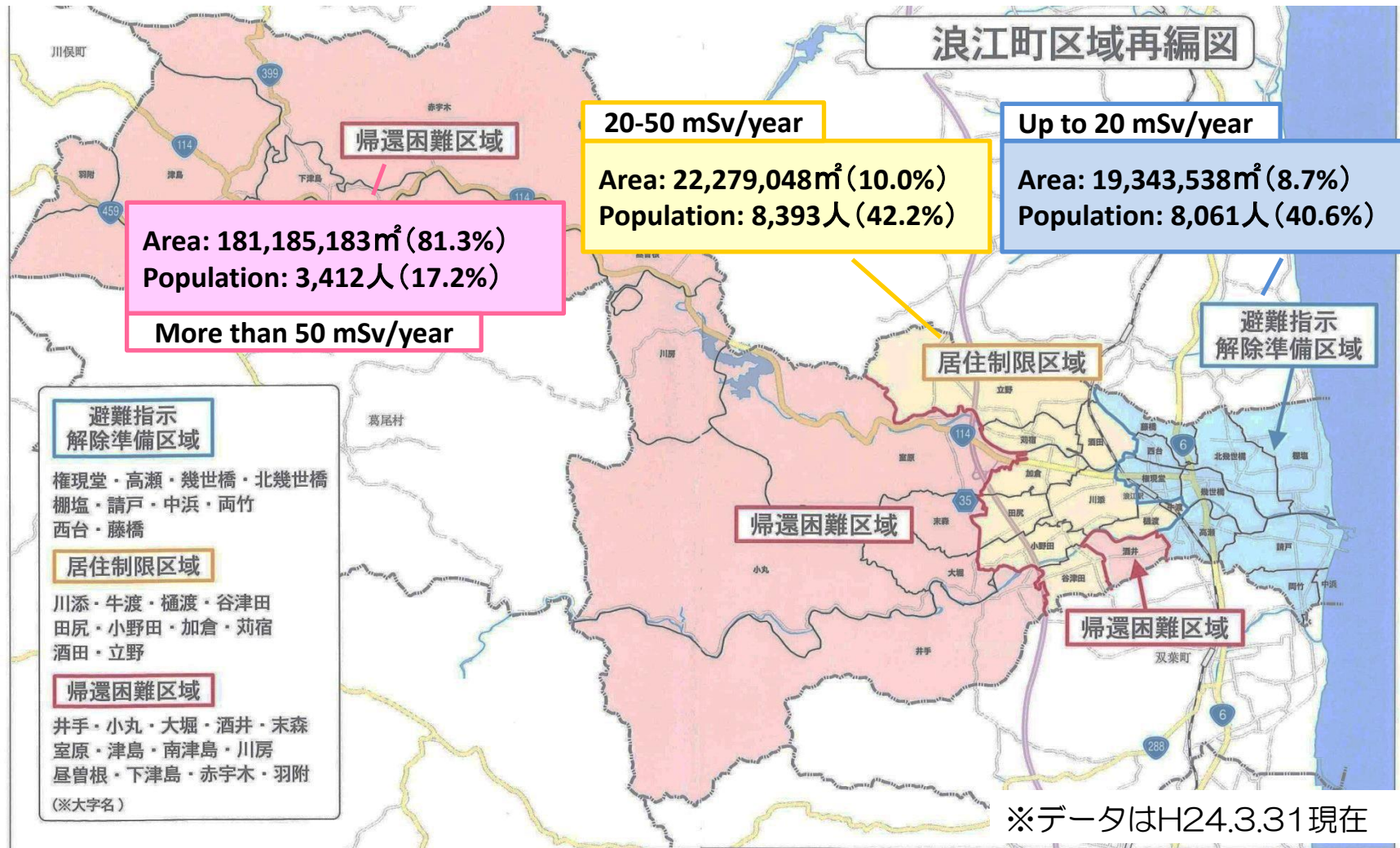


Namie people in temporary housing around Fukushima

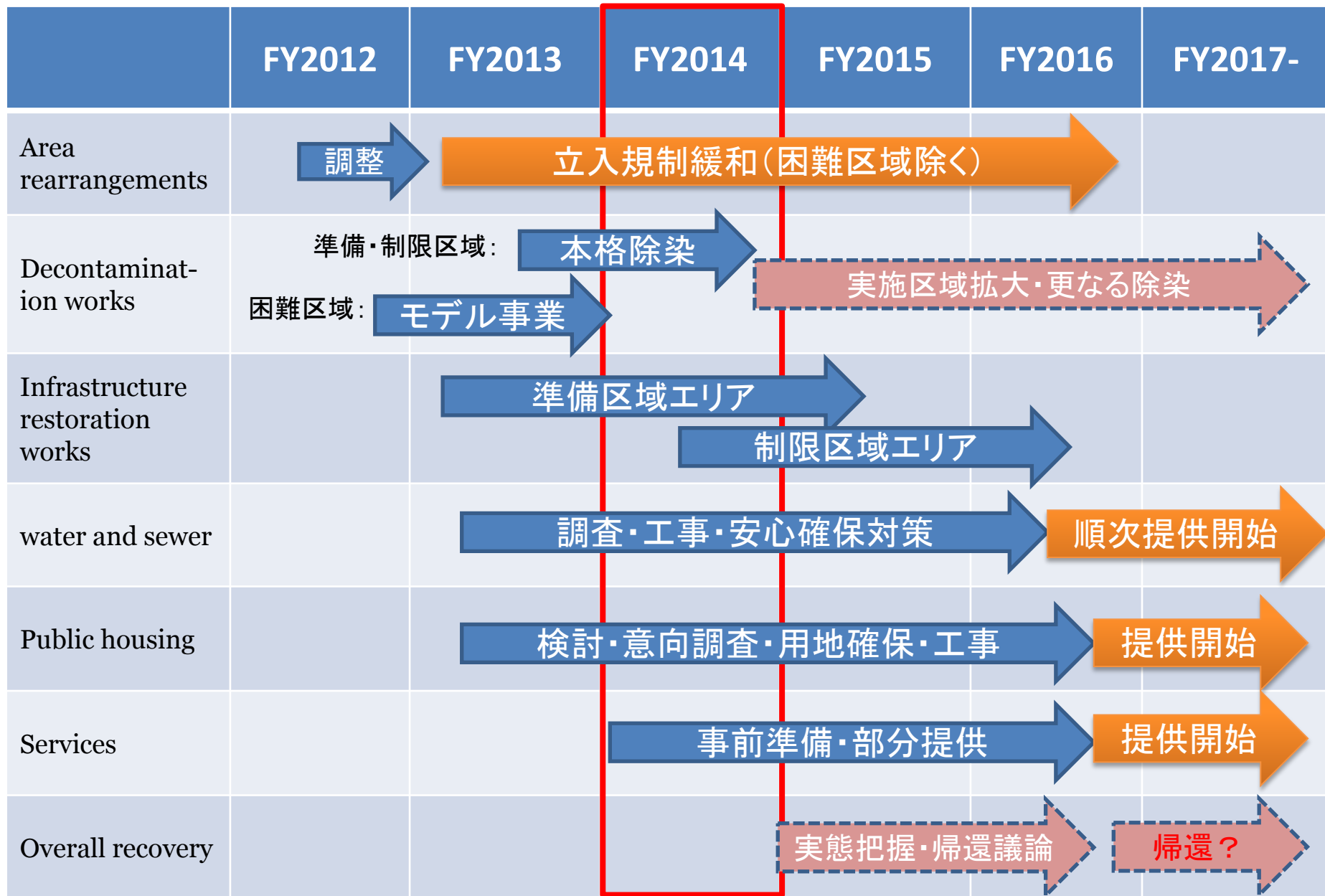


Blue circle denotes rental housing provided for evacuees by Fukushima prefectural government.
 Green circle denotes temporary housing units.

Rearranged areas according to the contamination level (from April 1, 2013)



Reconstruction timetable



Decontamination works



decontamination waste



First convenience store reopening



Test growing of rice



Original tablet PC distribution



Namie's Reconstruction plan

-What is to be reconstructed?

What do we want to recover?

Our pre-disaster life.

-What does “the pre-disaster life” represent?

Happiness in ordinary life and spiritual importance of our beautiful hometown.

-What consists of “happiness in ordinary life”?

- Family and friends
- Various community groups
- Festivals and traditional events
- Work to help others/contribute to society
- Favorite places
- Beautiful nature
- Sense of security

All created by the people living there.

- Is “reconstruction” just about rebuilding roads and houses?

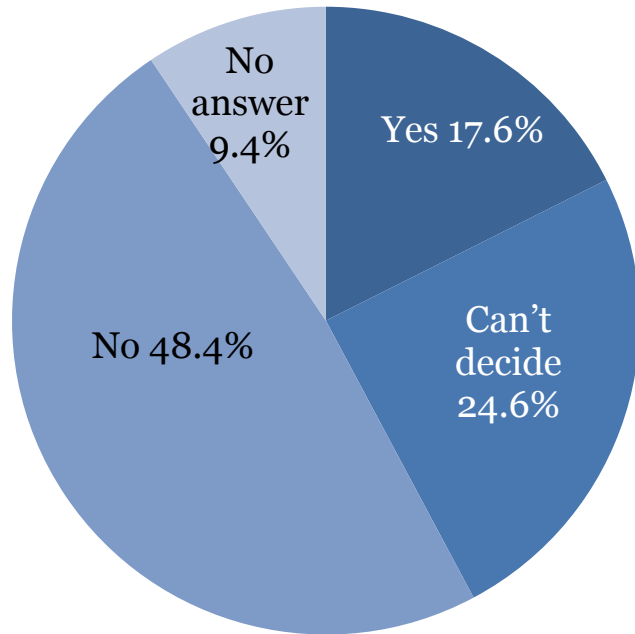
It is about rebuilding *furusato* (our hometown) which means much more than just a location on a map.

Therefore, Namie’s reconstruction means to rebuild everyone’s ordinary life, regardless of his/her intention to physically return to Namie.

At the same time, we have a responsibility to pass our *furusato* on to the next generation, this beautiful hometown we inherited from our ancestors.

Road to Reconstruction

Do you intend to return to Namie after the evacuation order is lifted?

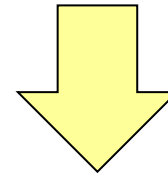


Survey outline

Sent to 9,749 households by post
Collected from 5,796 households (59.5%)
Aug 8 -22, 2014



Namie's Vision for Reconstruction
(published in April 2012)



Namie's Reconstruction Plan
(published in October 2012)

Reconstruction plan – Town planning map

3 帰還開始時におけるまちづくりイメージ図





Promotion of Namie through a local dish
Namie Yakisoba (fried noodle)



New product design of the traditional
Obori-soma porcelain



A local sake maker restarted business in
Yamagata



Flowers - Namie's first agricultural product
released to the market after 311